FORT MOSE HISTORICAL SOCIETY – AFRICAN AMERICAN
COMMUNITY OF FREEDOM INC
CODE OF ETHICS

PREAMBLE

(1) It is essential to the proper conduct and operation of the Fort Mose Historical Society – African American Community of Freedom Inc. (herein “CSO”) that its board members, officers, and employees be independent and impartial and that their position not be used for private gain. Therefore, the Florida Legislature in Section 112.3251, Florida Statute (Fla. Stat.), requires that the law protect against any conflict of interest and establish standards for the conduct of CSO board members, officers, and employees in situations where conflicts may exist.

(2) It is hereby declared to be the policy of the state that no CSO board member, officer, or employee shall have any interest, financial or otherwise, direct or indirect, or incur any obligation of any nature which is in substantial conflict with the proper discharge of his or her duties for the CSO. To implement this policy and strengthen the faith and confidence of the people in Citizen Support Organizations, there is enacted a code of ethics setting forth standards of conduct required of the Fort Mose Historical Society – African American Community of Freedom Inc.’s board members, officers, and employees in the performance of their official duties.

STANDARDS

The following standards of conduct are enumerated in Chapter 112, Fla. Stat., and are required by Section 112.3251, Fla. Stat., to be observed by CSO board members, officers, and employees.

1. Prohibition of Solicitation or Acceptance of Gifts

No CSO board member, officer, or employee shall solicit or accept anything of value to the recipient, including a gift, loan, reward, promise of future employment, favor, or service, based upon any understanding that the vote, official action, or judgment of the CSO board member, officer, or employee would be influenced thereby.

2. Prohibition of Accepting Compensation Given to Influence a Vote

No CSO board member, officer, or employee shall accept any compensation, payment, or thing of value when the person knows, or, with reasonable care, should know that it was given to influence a vote or other action in which the CSO board member, officer, or employee was expected to participate in his or her official capacity.

3. Salary and Expenses
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No CSO board member or officer shall be prohibited from voting on a matter affecting his or her salary, expenses, or other compensation as a CSO board member or officer, as provided by law.

4. Prohibition of Misuse of Position

A CSO board member, officer, or employee shall not corruptly use or attempt to use one’s official position or any property or resource which may be within one’s trust, or perform official duties, to secure a special privilege, benefit, or exemption.

5. Prohibition of Misuse of Privileged Information

No CSO board member, officer, or employee shall disclose or use information not available to members of the general public and gained by reason of one’s official position for one’s own personal gain or benefit or for the personal gain or benefit of any other person or business entity.

6. Post-Office/Employment Restrictions

A person who has been elected to any CSO board or office or who is employed by a CSO may not personally represent another person or entity for compensation before the governing body of the CSO of which he or she was a board member, officer, or employee for a period of two years after he or she vacates that office or employment position.

7. Prohibition of Employees Holding Office

No person may be, at one time, both a CSO employee and a CSO board member at the same time.

8. Requirements to Abstain From Voting

A CSO board member or officer shall not vote in official capacity upon any measure which would affect his or her special private gain or loss, or which he or she knows would affect the special gain or any principal by whom the board member or officer is retained. When abstaining, the CSO board member or officer, prior to the vote being taken, shall make every reasonable effort to disclose the nature of his or her interest as a public record in a memorandum filed with the person responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting, who shall incorporate the memorandum in the minutes. If it is not possible for the CSO board member or officer to file a memorandum before the vote, the memorandum must be filed with the person responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting no later than 15 days after the vote.

9. Failure to Observe CSO Code of Ethics

Failure of a CSO board member, officer, or employee to observe the Code of Ethics may result in the removal of that person from their position. Further, failure of the CSO to observe the Code of Ethics may result in the Florida Department of Environmental Protection terminating its Agreement with the CSO.
ATTACHMENT ONE

The Fort Mose Historical Society – African American Community of Freedom Inc.’s Code of Ethics as a CSO for Fort Mose Historic State Park is further supported and reinforced in Article VI – Officers, Section 9.0 – Conflict of Interests which is as follows.

"Section 9.0: Conflicts of Interests. Officers and Directors of the Corporation are to act and carry out their duties and responsibilities solely in the interests of the Corporation and the State’s Department of Environmental Protection without regard to personal, financial or political interest or gain. Whenever an Officer or Director has a personal, financial or political interest, whether actual or the appearance of, in any matter coming before the Board of Directors, the Board shall ensure that:

(a) The nature of the interest of such Officer or Director is fully disclosed to the Board of Directors.

(b) Any transaction in which an Officer or Director has a personal, financial or political interest shall be duly approved by the members of the Board of Directors not so interested or connected as being in the best interests of the Corporation and the State’s Department of Environmental Protection.

(c) No interested Officer or Director may discuss, lobby or vote on the matter or be counted in determining the existence of a quorum at the meeting of the Board of Directors at which such a matter is voted upon. Any matter involving a conflict of interest shall be approved only when a majority of disinterested Officers and Directors determine that it is in the best interest of the Corporation and the State’s Department of Environmental Protection to do so.

(d) Any payment or compensation to the interested Officer or Director as a result of action taken by a majority of disinterested Officers and Directors shall be reasonable and shall not exceed fair market value.

(e) The minutes of the meeting at which such votes are taken shall record such disclosure, abstention and rationale for approval.”